



COX COLLEGE
CoxHealth

**STUDENT HANDBOOK FOR UNDERGRADUATE
NURSING
2017-2018**

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A Message to Cox College Undergraduate Nursing Students

Congratulations on becoming a nursing student at Cox College. At Cox College we take our mission of excellence in educating students and the healthcare community very seriously. You will find excellent faculty members who care deeply for our students. They live out the core values of the college every day. I am proud to welcome you to a college where excellence is the standard and the faculty strive daily to exceed that standard.

This student handbook, along with the college catalog will help acquaint you with the policies and processes here at Cox College. If you need any additional information, please consult with your faculty or advisor. They are happy to assist you as you progress through the program toward your chosen career.

We look forward to watching you learn and grow.

Dr. Amy Townsend, EdD, MSN, RN
Undergraduate Nursing Department Chair

Accreditations

Cox College is accredited by The Higher Learning Commission, a commission of the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, 30 N. LaSalle Street, Suite 2400, Chicago, IL 60602-2504, 800-621-7440, www.ncahigherlearningcommission.org.

Cox College is a single-purpose specialized private college and affiliate of CoxHealth. The college provides integrated, comprehensive educational programs that prepare graduates for a changing health care environment.

The Missouri State Board of Nursing (MSBN) 3605 Missouri Blvd, PO Box 656, Jefferson City, MO 65102-0656, 573-751-0681, <http://pr.mo.gov> has granted full approval for both the Associate and Bachelor of Science in Nursing degree programs.

The Associate of Science in Nursing degree program at Cox College is accredited by the Accreditation Commission for Education in Nursing (ACEN), 3343 Peachtree Road NE, Suite 850, Atlanta, GA 30326, 404-975-5000, www.acenursing.org (*previously National League for Nursing Accrediting Commission*)

The Bachelor of Science in Nursing degree at Cox College is accredited by the Commission on Collegiate Nursing Education (CCNE), One Dupont Circle, NW, Suite 530, Washington DC 20036, 202-887-6791.

GENERAL INFORMATION

The policies and procedures contained in this handbook are subject to change without notice at the discretion of the Program Chair with the approval of the Dean. Any changes made will be communicated to students in a timely manner. This Handbook is not intended to be a contract, explicit or implied. It is the responsibility of each student to be acquainted with all requirements, policies, and procedures for his or her degree program and to assume responsibility for meeting those requirements.

It is the student's responsibility to become familiar with these documents and abide by all policies while enrolled at Cox College. Cox College policies can be found at <https://coxcollege.policymedical.net/policymed/artifact/list> and in the Student Portal.

Please contact the Program Chair, Academic Advisor, or Dean with questions regarding the information in this Handbook or general Cox College policies and procedures.

Undergraduate Nursing Programs

The nursing program offers two undergraduate degree options: The Associate of Science in Nursing (ASN) and the Bachelor of Science in Nursing (BSN).

Mission, Vision, Core Values, and Goals

Vision

Provide leadership using innovative approaches to advance the practice of nursing.

Mission

To provide excellence in educational programs that prepare nurses at the associate and baccalaureate levels.

Philosophy

The faculty of Cox College has chosen the following concepts to be included in the philosophy: human beings, society, health, nursing, learning and nursing education.

Human beings are unique holistic individuals with intrinsic value, having the right to be treated with respect and dignity from conception to end of life. Humans influence and are influenced by two interrelated forces, the internal and external environments. The internal environment consists of biological, psychosocial, and spiritual factors, whereas the external environment consists of socio-cultural, political, economical, physical and technological factors. Humans have rational power and personal values that affect self, others and environment, and have a right to be treated with respect and dignity. Human beings are social beings who constitute groups, with groups forming societies.

Society, characterized by cultural norms, beliefs and mores, defines the rights and responsibilities of its citizens and communities. Social organization allows procurement of benefits and resources for individuals and groups that might not be otherwise realized. Social organization addresses distribution of limited resources such as health care seeking to provide the highest benefit for greatest number as an ongoing imperative.

Health is a dynamic state in which the individual is constantly adapting to changes in the internal and external environment. A state of health is viewed as a point existing on a continuum from wellness to death. The meaning of health varies with the perception of each human being. The purpose of the health care delivery system is to assist individuals in achieving their optimal wellness and a state of being, by utilizing a multidisciplinary approach that is sensitive to both environmental resources and constraints.

Nursing is a synergy of art and science. The science of nursing is based on principles and theories of nursing, behavioral, and natural sciences, which embody knowledge, skills and

professional values, which are applied in a caring manner. The art of nursing, grounded in the humanities, is exemplified by the characteristics of caring that include commitment, authenticity, advocacy, responsiveness, presence, empowerment and competence. Nurses accept and respect cultural differences and develop skills to provide ethical, compassionate care.

The goals of nursing practice are to promote wellness, prevent illness, restore health and facilitate healing. Nursing process provides the framework for decision making and problem solving. Recipients of nursing care may be individuals, families, groups or communities. Nurses practice within legal, ethical and professional standards in the health care delivery system. A variety of nursing roles and practice settings offer nurses the opportunity to collaborate within a complex system while making a unique contribution. As a vital humanitarian service within society, nurses function in the interrelated roles of provider, manager, leader and research scholar.

Learning is a lifelong process influenced by conditions in the environment. Evidenced by changes in behavior, learning involves development in the cognitive, affective and psychomotor domains. Students are expected to be self-directed, goal-oriented and actively involved in the learning process. Faculty members facilitate the learning process by creating a flexible environment and planning goal-oriented experiences. Respect for individuality, freedom of expression, shared decision making and mutual trust promote reciprocal relationships and create an optimal learning environment. Faculty members accept responsibility for acting as role models and stimulating intellectual curiosity, critical thinking, self-awareness and promoting lifelong learning.

Nursing education prepares individuals to perform at various levels of decision making, which range from those based on accepted nursing knowledge, skills and values to those that require a complex organization of these components. Nursing knowledge which is further supported by evidence is foundational to professional nursing and is emphasized at all levels of nursing education. Each level of nursing education is valued for their contributions and collaborative work to achieve unity of effort. Faculty members value educational mobility and individual choice in educational pathways.

Associate degree education in nursing prepares practitioners for making decisions in the care of individuals and members of a family, group or community with common well-defined nursing diagnoses. Associate degree nurses are prepared to function in structured health care settings and to provide nursing care under established policies, procedures and protocols. Graduates of associate degree education recognize the value of accessing professional literature and applying interpreted research.

Baccalaureate degree education in nursing prepares practitioners capable of decision making in the care of individuals, families, groups and communities with complex interactions of nursing diagnoses. Baccalaureate nurses are prepared to function in structured and unstructured settings that may or may not have established policies, procedures and protocols. In addition, graduates are prepared to assume leadership roles in the provision of health care. Graduates of baccalaureate education critically integrate research findings to provide and/or improve nursing care. (Revised 10/2011)

Communication

Communication is the process by which information, ideas, and feelings are interchanged. It involves symbols, such as written words, gestures, images, and spoken language. It arises from inherent capacities, sociocultural background, environment, attitudes, past experiences, knowledge of subject matter, and ability to relate to others. Communication is reciprocal and involves collaboration and group process.

Therapeutic Nursing Interventions

Therapeutic nursing interventions are actions involving critical thinking and decision making designed to assist movement of the client toward the mutually agreed upon outcome of healing. Implementation of therapeutic nursing interventions requires the use of cognitive processes, and affective and psychomotor skills. Therapeutic nursing interventions are delivered in a compassionate, caring manner and require application of knowledge and nonjudgmental evaluation. Delivery of therapeutic interventions requires a competent, organized provider who converts knowledge into application in the appropriate setting.

Life Span Development

Life span development is an interactive process of human experience. Internal and external environments affect humans in a dynamic fashion. While life span can be measured chronologically, the epitome of human development is a continuum exemplified by the ability to find meaning in life, attach to one's environment, adapt to physical patterns, and express optimal cognitive function. Nursing care is directed toward prevention of illness and health promotion maintenance, and restoration across the lifespan when providing care to individuals or social aggregates such as communities and populations.

Discovery

Discovery is the ability to research topics for understanding. It requires the individual to take complex or diverse data and conform it into an understandable set of concepts for evidence based practice. Research, as a part of discovery, is a scholarly inquiry or investigation to inform practice and improve nursing care.

Role Development

Role development is the cumulative socialization process of developing a valuing of personal integrity, accountability, altruism, lifelong learning, and ethical behavior. A collaborative focus as a member of the nursing discipline results in interpersonal expressions that integrate social roles of provider and manager of nursing care, research consumer, and ultimately leader in health care systems. The complex development of professional nursing identity is characterized by advocacy for humans in need of nursing care, advancement of nursing through discovery and competent practice within legal parameters.

Professional Conduct Statements

NSNA CODE OF ACADEMIC & CLINICAL CONDUCT

The NSNA Code of Academic and Clinical Conduct was adopted by the NSNA House of Delegates in Nashville, TN. Administration, faculty and students, shall recognize the *Code of Academic and Clinical Conduct* and any violations of such may be brought to the attention of the dean of nursing who will act as a liaison among faculty and students.

Preamble

Students of nursing have a responsibility to society in learning the academic theory and clinical skills needed to provide nursing care. The clinical setting presents unique challenges and responsibilities while caring for human beings in a variety of health care environments.

The Code of Academic and Clinical Conduct is based on an understanding that to practice nursing as a student is an agreement to uphold the trust with which society has placed in us. The statements of the Code provide guidance for the nursing student in the personal development of an ethical foundation and need not be limited strictly to the academic or clinical environment but can assist in the holistic development of the person.

As students are involved in the clinical and academic environments we believe that ethical principles are a necessary guide to professional development. Therefore within these environments we;

1. Advocate for the rights of all clients.
2. Maintain client confidentiality.
3. Take appropriate action to ensure the safety of clients, self, and others.
4. Provide care for the client in a timely, compassionate and professional manner.
5. Communicate client care in a truthful, timely and accurate manner.
6. Actively promote the highest level of moral and ethical principles and accept responsibility for our actions.
7. Promote excellence in nursing by encouraging lifelong learning and professional development.
8. Treat others with respect and promote an environment that respects human rights, values and choice of cultural and spiritual beliefs.
9. Collaborate in every reasonable manner with the academic faculty and clinical staff to ensure the highest quality of client care.
10. Use every opportunity to improve faculty and clinical staff understanding of the learning needs of nursing students.
11. Encourage faculty, clinical staff, and peers to mentor nursing students.
12. Refrain from performing any technique or procedure for which the student has not been adequately trained.
13. Refrain from any deliberate action or omission of care in the academic or clinical setting that creates unnecessary risk of injury to the client, self, or others.

14. Assist the staff nurse or preceptor in ensuring that there is full disclosure and that proper authorization is obtained from clients regarding any form of treatment or research.
15. Abstain from the use of alcoholic beverages or any substances in the academic and clinical setting that impair judgment.
16. Strive to achieve and maintain an optimal level of personal health.
17. Support access to treatment and rehabilitation for students who are experiencing impairments related to substance abuse and mental or physical health issues.
18. Uphold school policies and regulations related to academic and clinical performance, reserving the right to challenge and critique rules and regulations as per school grievance policy.

NURSING STUDENT CODE OF CONDUCT

In addition, students who have been admitted into the first nursing course are expected to consistently exhibit the following behaviors:

- ◆ Respect for the inherent worth and uniqueness of an individual by demonstrating caring, trust, and empathy. (This behavior is demonstrated by being accessible and prompt in meeting the needs of those under your care, encouraging and motivating individuals with whom you come in contact and respectful of those you come in contact with in the classroom and clinical settings.)
- ◆ Commitment to nursing and an attitude of enthusiasm, cooperation and self-direction. (This behavior is demonstrated by appearing to enjoy nursing, timeliness of duties and paperwork, being accountable for your behavior, presenting a willingness to learn and expand your nursing knowledge.)
- ◆ Commitment to standards of confidentiality with regard to disclosure of information regarding clients, their families and others. (Students are obligated to keep client-related matters confidential and are not permitted to make photocopies, faxes, audiotapes or reproductions of any kind of any portion of a client record.)
- ◆ Students are accountable as members of the health care team to report any communication suggesting harm to self or others to appropriate individuals.
- ◆ Commitment to safe/appropriate behavior. Examples of unsafe laboratory / clinical behavior includes behavior that:
 - Violates or threatens the physical safety of the client
 - Violates or threatens the psychological safety of the client
 - Violates or threatens the microbiological safety of the client
 - Violates or threatens the environmental safety of the client
 - Assumes inappropriate independence in action or decisions
 - Fails to recognize own limitation, incompetence and/or legal responsibilities
 - Fails to accept legal responsibility for own actions

- Fails to interact effectively with health team members
- Demonstrates lack of preparation for the care of assigned clients

All assignments are expected to be the work of the individual student unless directed otherwise. Cheating or plagiarism will result in an automatic zero for the assignment and may result in dismissal from the College.

Academic dishonesty in the learning environment could involve:

- Having a friend complete a portion of your assignments
- Having a reviewer make extensive revisions to an assignment
- Copying work submitted by another student
- Using information from online information services without proper citation
- Submitting your own work from another class without prior approval of the faculty.

APA Format

All graded papers should be written and cited in APA format as summarized in the *Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association* (6th ed.). In addition, appropriate APA citations should be given in student posts to reflect sources used for classroom discussion. If any of the above behaviors are not adhered to, it may result in being placed on probation or suspension. (See *Student Discipline – probation and suspension*).

The CODE OF ETHICS FOR NURSES WITH INTERPRETIVE STATEMENTS can be found at http://nursingworld.org/DocumentVault/Ethics_1/Code-of-Ethics-for-Nurses.html

Program Outcome Criteria

ASN Program Outcomes

THE GRADUATE NURSE IS COMPETENT AND IS CAPABLE OF PROVIDING DIRECT CARE IN STRUCTURED HEALTH CARE SETTINGS.

Graduate Competencies for the ASN Degree

Upon completion of the program of study, the ASN graduate will be able to:

1. Utilize knowledge from nursing, behavioral and natural sciences to **make competent decisions** when providing direct care for individuals and members of a family or group with well-defined nursing diagnoses in structured health care settings.
2. Employ effective **communication** skills in interaction with clients, their family members and the health care team.
3. Implement **therapeutic interventions** for individuals and members of a family, group or community in structured health care settings using established policies, procedures, and protocols.
4. Apply principles of growth and development in providing care to individuals and members of a family or group across the **life span**.
5. Utilize methods of **discovery** to access professional literature and apply interpreted research.
6. Assume a professional role and practice nursing within legal, ethical and professional standards with a commitment to lifelong learning.

BSN Program Outcomes

The graduate nurse is competent and is capable of coordinating care for a diverse population.

Graduate Competencies for the BSN Degree

Upon completion of the BSN program of study the graduate will:

1. Utilize information management skills as a means of competent **decision making** and critical thinking to enhance nursing practice, client education and personal lifelong learning.
2. **Communicate** effectively using verbal, written, and interpersonal skills among colleagues, individuals, families, groups and communities.
3. Implement evidenced-based **therapeutic interventions** for individuals, families, groups and communities in structured and unstructured health care settings.
4. Integrate principles of **life span development** in the nursing care of diverse groups.
5. Utilize methods of **discovery** to inform practice and improve nursing care.
6. Integrate nursing **roles** to assure competent practice in a changing and diverse health care environment.

Policies and Guidelines

Undergraduate NPolicies and Guidelines

Grading Scale

Grades are assigned using the following scale:

90-100 %	A
80-89 %	B
70-79 %	C
60-69%	D
≤ 59%	F

A percentage grade of 75% or better in a nursing course must be earned in order to progress in the nursing programs. Only **one** nursing course in the nursing degree program may be repeated. A student will be dismissed from the nursing program if a grade of less than 75% is earned in two courses. Please note the Undergraduate Nursing Department (UND) uses your *percentage grade*, not your letter grade in determining progression. The UND rounds only the final exam percentage and the final course grade. For example, a test average of 74.5% will be rounded to 75%. Rounding will occur at the 0.5 level only.

Students will be officially notified of their current grade at mid-term according to the calendar in the College Catalog. Mid-term and final grades will be assigned according to the published grading scale.

Incomplete Course Grades

A grade of “I” in a course should only be given when there is sufficient progress by the student in the course to warrant an extension into the subsequent semester. Requirements for completion are specified to provide ample time for course completion without impairing students’ academic progress.

A student may receive a grade of “I” (incomplete) in a nursing course if, in the faculty’s estimation, there has been sufficient progress in the course to justify a grade of incomplete as opposed to a withdrawal. The progress must be sufficient to assure that the student will be able to complete all course requirements before the beginning of the next semester. The student will not be allowed to register for subsequent courses until the incomplete is successfully removed. For financial aid purposes, students should complete all their required course work as soon as possible. If not, disbursement of financial aid could be negatively impacted.

A grade must be posted for the course before the beginning of the next semester. Failure to complete coursework by the prescribed date will result in an “F” being recorded as the final grade in the course.

If a student receives an “I” in a prerequisite course, the student may register for the subsequent course in the following semester. However, if the “I” is not removed in the

prescribed timeframe, the student will be withdrawn from the subsequent course.

Skills Competencies

Each clinical course has assigned skills competencies that students must demonstrate in order to progress in the course. If a student does not pass their competency exam they will not be allowed to return to acute care clinical until they have successfully demonstrated competency.

Progression Requirements

Once a student has been admitted into a pre-licensure nursing program, enrollment must be maintained during each subsequent semester until completion. If the student withdraws from the college, it will be necessary for the student to reapply for admission into a nursing program. (See Leave of Absence).

If progression in the RN-BSN track beyond a semester is interrupted for any reason, the student **MUST** apply for readmission to both the college and the desired program. Readmission to courses is on a *space available basis*.

Progression Policy

Students in all nursing programs must achieve a cumulative average of 75% on all examinations in all nursing courses when applicable before any additional course points can be averaged into the course grade in order to be allowed to progress in the nursing course sequence or, in the case of the last courses in the programs, to be allowed to graduate. Please note the Undergraduate Nursing Department uses your *percentage grade*, not your letter grade in determining progression. The UND rounds only the final exam percentage and the final course grade. For example, a test average of 74.5% will be rounded to 75%. Rounding will occur at the 0.5 level only.

Any student who achieves a cumulative average of less than 75% on course examinations will not be allowed to progress to the next course and will have a “C” “D” or “F” recorded as their final grade in the course, and no other course points will be allowed. If eligible, the student will be required to repeat the course.

Once the 75% average on all course examinations has been achieved, the remaining points for the course will be averaged with the examination grades. This score will constitute the final course grade. If the final grade for the course is less than 75% average after the remaining course points are added, the student will not be allowed to progress to the next course and will have a “C” “D” or “F” recorded as the final grade for the course. If eligible, the student will have to repeat the course. Please note, progression is determined by the percentage grade earned, rather than the letter grade.

Dosage Calculation

- Nursing students (ASN, LPN-ASN, BSNE, BSNA, & BSNC) must demonstrate competency in dosage calculation skills for progression in the nursing program. A 95% on the exam is necessary to progress to the next nursing class.

ASN Program:

- Prior to beginning of NURS 106 (Clinical App II)– Level One Competency
- Prior to beginning of NURS 206 (Clinical App III) – Level Two Competency
- Prior to beginning of NURS 208 (Clinical App IV)– Level Three Competency

BSN Accelerated Track:

- Prior to beginning of NRSI 302 (Med Surg I)- Level One Competency
- Prior to beginning of NRSI 310 (Med Surg II)– Level Two Competency

BSN-E Track

- Prior to beginning of NRSI 302 (Med Surg I)– Level One Competency
- Prior to beginning of NRSI 310 (Med Surg II)– Level Two Competency
- Prior to beginning of NRSI 410 (Capstone) - Level Three Competency

Dosage calculation information may be accessed on the college's website: www.coxcollege.edu. A test schedule will be available and it is the student's responsibility to complete this progression requirement. It is advised to take the tests early to assure ample time for any retests.

Dropping (“Withdrawal from”) a Course

Responsibility for withdrawing from a course rests with the student. An official *Change of Schedule* form, obtainable from the reception desk, Registration office or academic advisor, must be filed with the Registration office. Failure to officially withdraw from a class will result in a grade of “F” for the course. Withdrawals may not occur during the last two weeks of a 16-week semester.

If a course is listed as a corequisite to another course in which the student is enrolled, withdrawing from the corequisite course requires withdrawal from the concurrent nursing course. Corequisite courses must be completed at Cox to monitor student enrollment and related policies. If a student is taking courses at another institution, he/she needs a transcript from the institution showing courses “in progress” and an official transcript upon completion of the course.

When withdrawal from a course occurs before the end of the sixth week of the semester, the student will receive a “W” – Withdrawal without grade status. Withdrawals occurring after the end of the sixth week of the semester will require grade status in terms of pass or fail. Withdraw Passing (WP) has no effect on grade point average. Withdraw Failing (WF) will be computed into the grade point average as an “F” in the course.

Repeating a Course

No more than *one* nursing course in the nursing degree programs may be repeated. A student will be dismissed from the college if a grade of less than 75% is received in two nursing-specific courses. If a student does not meet progression requirements in any nursing course, that student can repeat the course only once. Enrollment in the repeated course will be on a space-available basis. The student's GPA will reflect the grade received when the course is repeated. If a student withdraws prior to the last day to drop without receiving a grade, then

that withdrawal is not counted as a repeat of the course.

A student who withdraws or does not achieve progression requirements in any co-requisite course will NOT be allowed to progress to the next nursing course until the corequisite requirement is successfully completed. If withdrawal of a corequisite course occurs, withdrawal in the concurrent nursing course will also be required. If progression in the nursing program is interrupted for this or any other reason, enrollment will be resumed only on a space-available basis. Space-available basis is determined by the number of seats remaining in the course after all new and progressing students have been registered. After registration has been completed, if there are more students repeating than slots available, a ranking process will be used to register those students.

Students who fall out of progression and who do not register the following semester for a nursing clinical course are responsible for scheduling to review and practice clinical skills prior to enrollment in the next clinical course.

Behavior

Attendance

Regular attendance and punctuality are considered essential in meeting the objectives of the program. Classroom and clinical attendance is expected for maximum preparation for the professions. We believe there is a direct correlation between attendance and success in the course. Students are expected to attend all scheduled classroom, lab and clinical educational sessions. Absence for any reason does not relieve the student of responsibility for all course requirements. The student needs to make an appointment with the appropriate faculty and is responsible for obtaining information, announcements and assignments covered during absences. The faculty keeps records of attendance in all regularly scheduled courses at Cox College.

For Financial Aid purposes, if a student misses any class for **15** consecutive working days, (**or three consecutive weeks**) the faculty will report this in writing to the office of the Enrollment Management.

The attendance record is significant to the total record and is useful in guidance and counseling. When absences are excessive, the professor will report the fact to the office of Student Services, and they will in turn counsel with the student. The total number of absences in class will be reported to the office of the Records and Registration along with the final grade at the end of the semester. Students should be aware that absences from some program-specific courses invariably have a built-in penalty of lower academic achievement. Excessive absences usually result in failure to achieve the course goals.

Additional attendance requirements are addressed in course syllabi.

Classroom Academic and Behavioral Expectations

Along with the learning of theoretical concepts, students in the health sciences programs at Cox College are engaged in preparation for professional practice. Students in a professional program are held to these standards. Therefore, it is expected that the student demonstrate professional behaviors in all aspects of health sciences courses. Academic integrity and professional conduct are also expected of all students. The use of another student's work or the incorporation of work not one's own without proper credit will result in sanctions. Similarly, inappropriate behavior or behavior judged by faculty to be disruptive to the educational environment will not be tolerated.

Policy on Classroom Decorum

Learning is a social activity. We integrate new experiences and alternative viewpoints with our previous understanding to develop new understanding and perspective. Accordingly, much emphasis is placed on active participation, sharing of ideas and the use of critical thinking skills in each course. Attendance in class is highly encouraged. Learning activities are planned for each class period. Students who are prepared for class will gain the most benefit from lectures and discussions and will experience greater success in the course. The faculty are committed to facilitating the success of each student in each program. Please do not hesitate to speak with the faculty in order to have concerns addressed or questions clarified.

There is a large amount of content to be covered in a semester which can be challenging. You will be best served if you keep current with the readings and participate actively in each of your learning opportunities. It is expected that you will:

- Be prompt and regular in attending classes on time
- Be well prepared for classes
- Submit required assignments in a timely manner
- Meet the course and behavior standards as defined by the instructor
- Make and keep appointments when necessary to meet with the instructor
- Call the faculty member and leave a voice mail/phone message or e-mail in the event of tardiness or absence from class
- Turn off your cell phone during class
- Be respectful of the faculty member and classmates and not talk when others are talking during class
- Treat your colleagues, the agency staff, and the faculty with respect, always address the faculty member by his or her title: Professor or Doctor
- Demonstrate ethical and professional behavior in all aspects of this course
- Be respectful of all communications to students and faculty
- Not bring a guest or children to class
- Not violate any HIPAA and/or FERPA rights within social media discussions

Faculty reserve the right to not permit students who are late in class until the official class break and to dismiss students from class for failure to respond to faculty's directions, incivility, disruptive behavior or otherwise distracting from the learning environment.

There is no tolerance for disrespectful communication or incivility towards faculty or other students. Behaviors considered disruptive, unruly or behavior that interferes with the ability

of the instructor to teach effectively may include:

- Intimidating behavior
- Behavior that interferes with the ability to teach effectively, for example; disruptive behavior, persistent argumentation, refusal to comply with a direct request, and disrespectful behavior such as yelling in class, eye rolling, etc.
- Gross and/or inappropriate behavior such as foul and/or inappropriate language

Any threats made against faculty or disrespectful conduct will be reported to the VPAA which may result in penalties to the student.

Students entering and leaving class during the class session is VERY disruptive to the learning process, disrespectful of classmates and faculty and should not occur, except in an emergency situation. Students arriving after the session has started, may, at the discretion of the faculty, be asked to wait outside the classroom and enter at the next break.

Dress Code and Professional Conduct

Professionalism is a central concept in health care practice. In both classroom and clinical settings, professionalism is demonstrated by appropriate behavior and appearance. The following guidelines are to be followed for appropriate attire in the classroom and clinical setting.

General Information

Professional attire and one's presentation of self adds to one's credibility and inspire others' (e.g. clients and members of the college community). Thus, students are expected to convey an image of competence, confidence and professionalism at all times when they are on the Cox College campus and in the clinical setting.

Cox Health policy states that tobacco use will not be permitted on hospital grounds. Furthermore, Cox Health will not employ individuals who smoke. Facilities shall include all of the following areas owned and/or operated by the hospital: the physical campuses, parking facilities and adjacent offices, including administrative and physician offices and offices affiliated with the hospital but not physically adjacent to the hospital. This also includes personal vehicles on the physical campuses and hospital vehicles no matter where they are operated. Students with an offensive smoke odor on or in their clothing may be asked to change into a set of hospital issued scrubs or sent home on their own time to change clothes. Failure to comply may result in the application of formal sanctions.

Language (words, tone, and delivery) and behavior are to be appropriate, non-confrontational and respectful at all times.

When you are doing any documentation in the clinical setting, you are to sign your name and list your title as CCNS. Example: Jane Doe, CCNS.

The student represents Cox College in the clinical agency; therefore attire, appearance and conduct are to be appropriate and professional at all times. The client is the focus of attention and any behavior, dress or conduct that does not place the client first will be addressed by faculty. The following guidelines are to be followed:

General Hygiene

All students should bathe or shower regularly and use an effective body deodorant and breath freshener.

Appropriate Classroom Attire

Attire is to be appropriate for attending a professional educational setting. If clothing items are found to be distracting to the learning environment, the individual will be asked to leave.

Appropriate Clinical Attire

The uniform consists of green pants, scrub top or white polo shirt, and a green jacket with the Cox College emblem, and mostly white, low-heeled shoes. Shoes should cover the entire foot. Slip-on shoes are not allowed. Shoes must be clean and polished. Non-patterned white hose/socks are to be worn with the uniform. The uniform should be clean, pressed and fit appropriately. Undergarments should not be visible beneath the uniform.

- Maternity attire should be consistent with the regular uniform described above. Students may need to purchase additional, larger tunics to accommodate pregnancy.
- The jacket should be worn over appropriate street clothes when the student is in the clinical setting obtaining clinical assignments or completing pre-planning.
- Shorts, pants above ankle and jeans of any type are not appropriate attire for obtaining clinical assignments, preplanning or clinical assignment.
- Some nursing courses have different requirements that will be noted in the syllabus.
- Scrub clothing may be provided by the health care agency for some special areas. No visible clothing is to be worn under the scrubs (e.g. T-shirts or turtlenecks). Scrub clothing that belongs to the agency is not to be taken home for any reason.
- Gait belts are considered a part of the clinical uniform and must be worn at all times when in uniform, unless specifically directed by course faculty.
- Information about purchasing uniforms is available in the Cox College Bookstore (269-3508).

Clinical Standards

The clinical experience requires very close client contact and use of aseptic techniques therefore:

- Hair must be worn so that it does not compromise client care. Hair should be clean, neat (no loose hanging strands of hair), and worn so that comfort, safety and infection control are considered. Shoulder length (or longer) hair must be contained (i.e. braided or secured) and off the neck. Hair accessories should be plain and the same color as the hair. The hair color should be such that it looks professional. Beards and mustaches are to be neat and trimmed.
- Fingernail length should not extend more than $\frac{1}{4}$ inch beyond the fingertip. No artificial nails or acrylic overlays are to be worn. Nail polish should be clear or light in color and no chipping observed.

- Cosmetics should be worn in moderation and from a modest color palette (e.g. clear, pale pink or nude tones). Perfume or aftershave is not to be worn in the clinical setting.
- Gum Chewing is not appropriate in the clinical setting.
- Jewelry is limited to:

Earrings and Studs

Females

- No hoops larger than ½ inch
- No more than two earrings per ear
- No facial piercing or ear gauges
- No tongue piercing or other visible body piercing

Males

- Males are not permitted to wear earrings or ear gauges
- No facial piercing
- No tongue piercing or other visible body piercing

Rings and Watch

- No more than two ring sets per hand
 - Watch with a sweep second hand or digital required for clinical setting
-
- Tattoos considered to be offensive are required to be covered at all times while at the clinical setting.
 - Faculty reserve the right to impose other restrictions depending on the clinical setting and client population.

Students that do not adhere to dress code may be dismissed from the clinical setting which will result in absence. Frequent disregard for the dress code policy may result in a clinical contract with remediation up to and including dismissal from the program. If you have questions regarding the dress code ask your clinical instructor.

When reporting to a health care agency that requires a uniform, the student is required to bring: (a) watch with a sweep second hand; (b) stethoscope; (c) black ink pens; (d) small notepad or clipboard; (e) bandage scissors; (f) Kelly clamps; (g) pen light; and (h) gait belt. The student photo ID is to be worn with name and picture visible at all times on the Cox College campus and in all clinical settings. Students will be asked to cover their last name while on the mental health units with specific uniform requirements noted in the syllabus.

Purses and valuables taken to the clinical unit are done so at the student's own risk, the college cannot guarantee safety or return of lost valuables or personal items. The students may lock them in the trunk of their cars. The amount of items to bring to the clinical setting depends on the clinical setting, due to storage limits. Check syllabus for details.

Electronic devices may be used in the clinical setting as long as they DO NOT have recording ability, voice or picture. Cell phones, pagers, or other communication devices must be kept in the room or area designated by the instructor or clinical agency.

All cellular telephones and pagers should be turned off or placed in silent / vibrate mode upon entering classroom. Students are NOT to answer the cellular telephone / pager during any classroom activities. Faculty may approve an exception for special considerations. If you have an emergency situation and are expecting a phone call, please receive permission from the faculty ahead of time to leave your phone on.

Other Requirements

To start and/or remain in a nursing program, the student MUST keep current with immunizations, CPR and TB testing.

Clinical and Classroom Course Requirements

Course requirements will be given in each course syllabus. Several nursing courses are composed of a theory and a laboratory component. In these courses, the theory component is assigned a letter grade and the laboratory component is evaluated as Pass (P) or Fail (F). To receive credit for the course, a grade of “C” or better must be received for the theory component and a “P” for the laboratory component. In the event an “F” is received in the laboratory component of a nursing course, an “F” will be recorded on the transcript as the course grade, and the course must be repeated. Final grades will be assigned for those courses based on the student’s combined performance in both the theory and laboratory components. Transfer credits are included in the earned hours to meet graduation requirements. Credit by examination and/or validation (with the exception of math proficiency) is included in cumulative credit hours to meet graduation requirements. One make-up day will be scheduled during the last week of each semester. All missed clinical hours and/or activities should be completed during this timeframe. Inability to do so may result in the student being administratively withdrawn from the course by the department chair. Consequently, the student will be required to re-enroll in the course the following semester.

More than 24 hours of unexcused clinical absences will result in a failure of the clinical component of the course, except for NURS 105 which is >12 hours.

CLINICAL EVALUATION

Laboratory performance will be evaluated as Pass (P) or Fail (F) according to laboratory objectives and criteria on the laboratory evaluation tool. In order to receive credit for the course, a grade of C or better must be received for the theory component and a P for the laboratory component. In the event an F is received in the laboratory component, an F will be recorded on the transcript as the course grade and both the theory and the laboratory components must be repeated. If a student receives a P in the laboratory component of the course, but a D or F in the theory component, both laboratory and theory must be repeated. Students are encouraged to review the Student Handbook for information regarding unsafe clinical behavior. Students must attend a summative clinical conference. Failure to attend this conference will result in failure of the laboratory component of the course and the course must be repeated.

Communication Of Policy Changes

Situations may occur during the academic year that faculty feel requires an immediate policy change within the program. These changes are communicated to the student in the following

manner:

1. Verbal announcement of the policy change in class by faculty
2. E-mail distribution of the policy change to students
3. Announcements on the Student Portal
4. Displayed on the electronic message board in the college lobby

Student Right in Delivery of Care

Students may be excused from participation in certain procedures (e.g., administration of blood and blood products, etc.) in the provision of direct patient care in situations where the prescribed treatment presents a conflict with the student's cultural values, ethics or religious beliefs. In no instance will the mission of the college or that of any clinical agency/facility be compromised. Students are expected to provide care to all persons in need, regardless of race, national origin, creed or religion. Excusing students from performing certain procedures during clinical laboratory experiences in no way affects any required demonstration of competency in that procedure or skill.

Health Risk For Nursing Programs

General Information

Certain risks and dangers to students' physical, psychological and/or emotional well being may occur during enrollment in the academic programs. Students entering the undergraduate programs should be aware that they will be in close contact with other individuals having a variety of health problems in which the etiology (cause) may or may not be known. In providing care to ill people, students may be exposed to infectious disease such as Hepatitis B (HBV), Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) and other communicable diseases. The undergraduate programs have specific precautionary requirements based on the type of exposure and/or clinical agency policies. It is the responsibility of each student to know and follow the program guidelines for necessary standard precautions against contracting and transmitting disease. Personal protective equipment is available in health care facilities where students are assigned clinical experiences. It is the student's responsibility to know the location of this equipment and to follow good health practices for their own protection as well as that of the general public that they are or will be serving.

The faculty of the college endorse and follow the standard precaution policies of the institutions where clinical experience occurs. *Standard Precautions*, as outlined by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) were developed to protect health care workers from blood-borne pathogens. All clients must be considered as having the potential to transmit infectious diseases. Students must take measures to protect themselves, their coworkers, and the community at large from possible exposure to blood-borne pathogens.

Students enrolled in the academic programs at Cox College who experience any injury or who have been diagnosed with an infectious disease or who have been exposed to an infectious disease which could place their clients or others at risk, should immediately inform their clinical instructor.

Student Health Policy

Prior to caring for clients, students have the right to receive information regarding the transmission of disease; mechanisms of protection while delivering care to persons infected; instructions in standard precautions; and occupational health and safety issues.

Students with potentially life-threatening illnesses, including but not limited to, cancer, heart disease and HIV/AIDS may wish to continue to engage in as many of their normal pursuits as their health allows, including school. ***As long as these students are able to meet standards and functional abilities (see Student Handbook, Americans with Disabilities Act Standards), and medical evidence indicates that their health is not a threat to themselves or others, they may continue through the program.***

It is the responsibility of students to inform the faculty member about any health conditions or changes in health status that could place them or their clients at higher risk for acquiring an infection, including but not limited to, a change in HIV, HBV or TB status. Students may not care for clients while demonstrating contagious symptoms of any infectious process. In addition to any infectious illness diagnosed by a health care provider, nausea, vomiting, fever, rash and/or purulent or draining lesions could indicate infectious processes, which could put clients at risk. In cases of infectious disease, a health care provider's statement may be necessary to assure the clinical instructor/health care facility that the student is able to participate in clinical activities without harm to themselves or others.

It is the responsibility of students to inform faculty members about conditions of limited functioning (e.g. crutches, surgery) or pregnancy, which could require accommodation of clinical assignments. A health care provider's statement may be necessary to assure faculty that the student is able to participate in clinical activities without harm to self.

Students are to have certain health records complete and up-to-date **before** being allowed in the clinical setting. The list includes:

- **Tetanus/Diphtheria/Pertussis** – Current Tetanus/Diphtheria (TD) immunization status (booster required every ten years) AND documentation of one dose of adult pertussis vaccine (Tdap)
- **Varicella** – Initiation or completion of vaccine series OR laboratory confirmation of immunity
- **Hepatitis B** – Initiation or completion of vaccine series OR laboratory confirmation of immunity
- **Measles/Mumps/Rubella (MMR)** – Initiation or completion of vaccine series OR laboratory confirmation of immunity.
- **Tuberculosis Screening (TB)** – Documentation of current TB screening
- Completion of the American Heart Association (AHA) for Healthcare Provider course or equivalent which is limited to the Military Training Network or the Heart and Stroke Foundation of Canada. No other life support programs will be accepted as equivalents.

Procedure for Needle Stick or Injury Incident Report

If a needle stick and/or injury incident occurs, while a student is doing a clinical experience, the student shall notify their clinical instructor as soon as possible. The agency policies will be followed where the incident occurred, and the student will be responsible for medical

expenses. This topic will be discussed as part of orientation for clinical classes.

Student Discipline

Probation, Suspension, Dismissal

Cox College reserves the **right to place on probation, suspend or dismiss students** from the college whose conduct or performance is detrimental to the interests of the college or program-specific profession. **Probation may or may not precede dismissal.** Examples of behavior that would violate college standards **include but are not limited to** the following:

1. Acting in a manner which is disruptive to an educational or extra-curricular activity.
2. Intentionally damaging, destroying or defacing college property or property of any member of the college community.
3. Committing sexual offenses or harassment.
4. Harassing, exploiting or intimidating any member of the college community.
5. Using or threatening to use force in order to intentionally inflict bodily harm upon any person on the college premises.
6. Possessing, storing or using firearms, dangerous weapons, explosives or fireworks in any area of the college premises or on premises used by the college.
7. Making a false report of a fire or any report of false emergency in a college building or on premises related to college activities.
8. Stealing, assisting or attempting to steal college property or the property of any member of the college community.
9. Knowingly misrepresenting facts to any official of the college.
10. Breaching standards of confidentiality.
11. Purposely misleading others or misrepresenting themselves.
12. Distributing copyrighted materials without the owner's permission (music, games, videos, etc.) through print, illegal downloading, via web pages, e-mail or peer-to-peer distribution of intellectual property.
13. Inappropriate behavior or information verbally, electronically or on social media sites.
14. Violation of *Student Code of Conduct* or program-specific professional standards.

Academic Probation

1. A student is placed on academic probation when the semester GPA falls below 2.0 at the end of any semester.
2. Students may be on academic probation for no more than two semesters while enrolled at the college.
3. If a student is dismissed from the program, they must wait one calendar year before reapplying.

Clinical Probation

The following are the steps for clinical probation:

1. Meeting with the student, course coordinator, and department chair.
2. Development of a plan of action to improve chances of clinical success.
3. Review of the attendance policy.
4. Point out that any clinical hours missed will be made up.

One make-up day will be scheduled during the last week of each semester. All missed clinical hours and/or activities should be completed during this timeframe. Inability to do so may result in the student being administratively withdrawn from the course by the department chair. Consequently, the student will be required to re-enroll in the course the following semester. More than 24 hours of unexcused clinical absences will result in a failure of the clinical component of the course, except for NURS 105 which is >12 hours.

Disciplinary Probation

A student may be placed on disciplinary probation for:

1. Failure to meet remediation related to laboratory/clinical suspension.
2. Unsatisfactory laboratory/clinical performance (including but not limited to lack of preparation and irresponsible, unsafe, or unprofessional conduct).
3. Scholastic misconduct (including but not limited to plagiarism or dishonesty).
4. Non-academic misconduct in violation of published standards described in this handbook including those specifically addressed in the *Student Code of Conduct*, *Standards of Ethics* and the *Drug-Free Schools* policy, which includes sexual offenses or harassment.

Procedures for Disciplinary Probation

When a student is placed on disciplinary probation the student will be informed verbally and will receive a copy of the "Student Counseling Tracking Form." Steps for remediation and the length of the probationary period will be outlined on the form that will be signed by the appropriate individuals and the department chair. During the probationary period, the appropriate individuals may meet with the student regularly to evaluate progress toward meeting conditions of probation and these meetings will be recorded on the student conference record. The student has the right to have an advisor or liaison of their choice present at the meetings. It is the student's responsibility to work with the individuals involved to schedule these meetings.

At the end of the designated probationary period, appropriate individuals will review the student's progress and a decision made determining whether the student has met the steps of remediation. The student will be notified in writing of the decision. At this time, the student may be removed from probation, receive a failing grade in the course, or be dismissed from the program.

Suspension

A student may be suspended for:

1. Unsatisfactory laboratory/clinical performance including but not limited to lack of preparation and irresponsible, unsafe or unprofessional conduct; or
2. Non-academic misconduct in violation of published standards described in the handbook including those specifically addressed in the *Student Code of Conduct* and the *Drug-Free Schools* policy, which includes sexual offenses or harassment.

Dismissal

A student will be dismissed from the college for any of the following reasons:

1. Achievement of a grade of less than 75% in any repeated course within a college degree or certificate program.
2. Academic performance that would result in academic probation for more than two semesters.
3. If a student is dismissed from the program, they must wait one calendar year before reapplying for reinstatement.

Disciplinary Dismissal:

In addition, a student may be dismissed from the college for any of the following reasons:

1. Failure to conduct oneself in a responsible, safe, and professional manner as described in this *Student Handbook*
2. Academic misconduct, including, but not limited to, plagiarism or dishonesty
3. Failure to follow the *Code of Conduct* as outlined in the Student Handbook and/or program-specific professional standards
4. Failure to meet disciplinary probation remediation requirements
5. Use of or being under the influence of alcohol and/or illegal drugs in the classroom, laboratory or clinical setting
6. Sexual offenses or harassment
7. Conviction of a felony

The student has the right to due process in any situation of discipline, probation or dismissal through the *Complaint Resolution Procedure* (Grievance) identified in the college catalog.

In the event that disciplinary actions need to be taken, the following procedure may be followed:



Student Counseling Procedure

Overview

The student disciplinary process includes three stages: 1) Written Warning, 2) Probation, and 3) Dismissal. For clinical matters an additional stage, suspension, *may* be included prior to dismissal.

- All disciplinary actions are initiated by the faculty and moderated through the department chair.
- All actions include a counselling session with the student.
- All disciplinary actions are initiated by the faculty with the submission of the *Student Incident Report* form. The report is provided to the department chair who then initiates the appropriate disciplinary action.

The action types and procedures explained here are designed to replace all existing disciplinary procedures at the college.

Action Type	Procedure
<p>Written Warning</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Definition: <i>First step in the disciplinary process when the student is notified in writing of inappropriate behavior.</i> • Student behaviors/actions resulting in written warning are defined in the student handbook. • A written warning is issued by the department chair (following an incident report from the faculty) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Student Incident Report</i> form is completed by the faculty and submitted to the department chair. • A written warning (“Student Counseling Form”) is completed by the department chair and signed by the faculty and chair. The student signs the form during a counselling session with the student. • The warning form is given to the student and a copy is housed with the department chair.
<p>Probation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Definition: <i>A permanent or temporary condition during which any new offense result in suspension or dismissal from the program.</i> • Student behaviors/actions resulting in probation are defined in the student handbook. • A student is placed on probation by the department chair (following an incident report from the faculty) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Student Incident Report</i> form is completed by the faculty and submitted to the department chair. • Probation is initiated by the department chair. The counselling form is signed by the faculty, chair, and dean. The student signs the form during a counselling session with the student. • The counselling form explaining the terms of probation (correction plan, time frame, etc.) is given to the student and a copy is housed with the department chair.
<p>Suspension (Clinical)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Definition: <i>Immediate administrative withdrawal from all clinical courses. Student may enroll in clinical courses only after meeting certain conditions defined by department.</i> • Student behaviors/actions resulting in suspension are defined in the student handbook. • A student is placed on suspension by the department chair (following an incident report from the faculty) • Consequences: Student is withdrawn from clinical courses without refund. Students returning to a clinical course after suspension are placed in a probationary status. Any new offense results in immediate dismissal from the program. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Student Incident Report</i> form is completed by the faculty and submitted to the department chair. • Suspension is initiated by the department chair. The counselling form is signed by the faculty, chair, and dean. The student signs the form during a counselling session with the student. • The counselling form explaining the terms of suspension (correction plan, time frame, etc.) is given to the student and a copy is housed with the department chair.

<p>Dismissal</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Definition: <i>Permanent removal from the program</i> • Student behaviors/actions resulting in dismissal are defined in the student handbook. • A student is dismissed by the VPAA (following an incident report from the faculty and recommendation from the department chair) • Terms of dismissal: <i>Student cannot re-apply to the program or any other program at the college.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Student Incident Report</i> form is completed by the faculty and submitted to the department chair. • Dismissal is initiated by the department chair. The counselling form is signed by the faculty, chair, dean, and VPAA. The student signs the form during a counselling session with the student. • The counselling form explaining the terms of dismissal is given to the student and a copy is housed with the department chair, dean, and VPAA.
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skills. This “hands on” experience is essential for evaluation. Students are required to make up clinical absences. Faculty will designate the clinical make up experience. More than one clinical absence may necessitate a course failure. The outcome of absences will be decided by the faculty teaching the course. See individual course syllabus for further details.

In the event of illness or an emergency, it is the student’s responsibility to notify the appropriate faculty a minimum of 30 minutes, preferably one hour prior to the time the experience is to begin. Notification may be different for specific courses; this will be listed in the syllabus.

Arriving late disrupts the clinical experience for the student and can affect client care. Therefore, absence, tardiness or leaving early can result in unsuccessful completion of course objectives. Punctuality is essential in the nursing profession and a component of professionalism. Students are expected to arrive 10 minutes prior to scheduled clinical time. Arriving late 10 minutes late or more is a tardy. A tardy will be considered one hour or more of clinical absence.

Any absences may be considered a clinical failure. Absences will be subject to review by the nursing faculty for the purpose of counseling. Any nursing student, accumulating 12 hours of absences (NURS 105 - 6 hours) for the clinical component of the course, will be placed on clinical success plan by the nursing faculty.

Inclement Weather

In the event the College is closed due to inclement weather, news media will be notified. Students will also be notified via Student Reach text messages and/or phone messages. If the College is not closed, judgment should be exercised in regard to safe travel however failure to attend class/clinical will result in an absence and will follow the absence guidelines. In the event of faculty illness or emergency, every effort will be made to notify and alert students of alternate plans.

Confidentiality Policy

See the *NSNA Code of Academic and Clinical Conduct* and *Nursing Student Code of Conduct* policies in this handbook for further details.

Dosage Calculation Competency

PURPOSE: To provide guidelines for testing of progressive competency in dosage calculation.

Nursing students must demonstrate competency in dosage calculation skills for progression in the ASN program and entry-level and accelerated tracks in the BSN program.

1. Students are required to demonstrate dosage calculation competency as follows:

ASN Program:

- Prior to beginning of NURS 106 - Level One Competency
- Prior to beginning of NURS 206 - Level Two Competency
- Prior to beginning of NURS 208 - Level Three Competency

BSN Accelerated Track:

- Prior to beginning of NRSI 302 - Level One Competency
- Prior to beginning of NRSI 310 - Level Two Competency

BSN Entry Track:

- Prior to beginning of NRSI 302 - Level One Competency
- Prior to beginning of NRSI 310 - Level Two Competency
- Prior to beginning of NRSI 410 - Level Three Competency

2. Exams to demonstrate competency are given by nursing faculty during the final weeks of the semester (dates will be published and testing will occur beginning prior to finals week). Testing process must be completed by the final testing date.

3. Competency is demonstrated by achievement of 95% accuracy on exams given at each interval. Each exam may be repeated once within the testing schedule. Exams administered for repeat examination will be of comparable difficulty.

4. Students will be asked to produce a photo ID for proof of identification at the time of testing.

5. Students will be allowed one hour to complete the competency exam. If the student leaves during testing the exam will be collected and graded at that point whether exam completed or not.

6. Only approved simple, four function calculators may be utilized in taking the exams. Failure to bring approved calculator forfeits the right to use a calculator. No sharing of calculators is allowed.

7. Tests will be kept in the proctored administration area and graded at the time of completion. Students will have the opportunity for immediate feedback and be able to review the test with nursing faculty. The test is not to leave the proctored area.

8. Students not successful on the examinations have the opportunity to review the failed exams with nursing faculty prior to retesting. Any written calculations made at the time of test review must be collected.

9. Retesting cannot occur on same day as failed exam.

10. If a student misses testing dates and consequently takes only one test and fails, they still fail the math competency and are required to take the remediation course to advance in the program. No additional testing dates will occur just to allow a student to take the maximum

possible exams. It is the responsibility of the student to allow adequate testing dates for the possible retake.

11. Faculty administering the Dosage Competency Exams will forward student grade results to the designated coordinator for testing.

IF A STUDENT DOES NOT PASS THE REPEAT EXAM

1. The student must enroll in special topics course NRSI 197 *Dosage Calculation Remediation*. Successful completion is required for progression in clinical nursing course.

2. Faculty who administered the exam will notify the student of the competency failure. A list of all unsuccessful students will be forwarded to the undergraduate nursing program chairs, the student's advisor and the faculty member teaching the remediation course. A note will be placed in CAMS.

3. As part of the special topics NRSI 197 *Dosage Calculation Remediation* the student is required to re-take the appropriate level competency exam with one repeat examination allowed.

4. After completion of the remediation course the instructor will notify the following of the student's status: undergraduate nursing department chair, course coordinator for advancing placement and advisor.

5. If successful, with 95% accuracy, the student is allowed to progress. Enrollment in the clinical nursing course is on a space-available basis.

6. Students are allowed to re-enroll in the special topics NRSI 197 *Dosage Calculation Remediation* one time. NRSI 197 *Dosage Calculation Remediation* is considered a nursing course and the policy for repeating a nursing course will be followed.

7. The faculty member teaching the remediation course will notify the undergraduate nursing department chair and registrar of any students unsuccessful in completing the remediation process resulting in dismissal from the nursing program.

I. General Rule for Rounding

- A. When rounding, numbers that end in five (5) and above up, round **UP**
- B. When rounding, numbers that end in four (4) and below, round **DOWN**.
- C. Do not end with zero (trailing zero) in the final answer. However, leave whole numbers as a whole number.

Correct	Incorrect
17.4 mL	17.40 mL
14 mL	14.0 mL

- D. Always place a zero before a decimal point if the number is less than one. (example 0.23)

Correct	Incorrect
0.28 mL	.28 ml

- E. D. All answers must be properly labeled (or will be counted wrong.)

Correct	Incorrect
4.62 mcg/kg/min	4.62
0.17 mL	0.17
7.5 mg	7.5
80 mL/hr	80
20 drops/min	20

II Weights (pounds, kilograms, grams, milligrams, etc.)

- A. All weights should be carried to the thousandth and rounded to the hundredth.

Example:

Ending in 4 or less: 77.272 kg = 77.27 kg

Ending in 5 or more: 1.885 mg = 1.89 mg

- B. Pounds and ounces should be carried to nearest whole ounce.

Example:

8 lbs. 12.44 ounces = 8 lbs. 12 ounces

8 lbs. 12.65 ounces = 8 lbs. 13 ounces

III. Capsules and Tablets

- A. Round tablets/capsules to the nearest whole or half tablet (if scored). The difference should not exceed 10% of the total amount ordered.

Example: 1.9 capsules = 2 capsules

Example: 1.5 scored tablets = 1 ½ tablets

IV. Liquid Medications by Mouth

- A. If unable to accurately measure dose on available medication cup, use a syringe to obtain accurate measurement of dose. Do not use household measuring spoons or cups.

B. Milliliters:

- a. Volumes greater than 1 mL: -Carry to the hundredths place and rounded to the nearest tenth.

Example: 1.25 mL = 1.3 mL

- b. Volumes less than 1 mL: - Carry to the thousandths place, and rounded to the nearest hundredth. A Tuberculin syringe (TB) is appropriate for this measurement

Example: 0.969 = 0.97 mL
0.963 = 0.96 mL

VI. IV Rates and/or Calculation

- A. IV Fluid Drip Rates - Calculate drip rates to the tenths place and round off to the nearest whole number

Example: 15.4 = 15 drops per minute
15.5 = 16 drops per minute

- B. IV Pump Rates – Calculate to the hundredths place and round to the tenths place. The IV pumps can be set at a decimal.

Example: 15.44 = 15.4 mL/hr
15.45 = 15.5 mL/hr

VII. Equivalents

1 kilogram (kg)	=	1000 grams (gm)
1 gram (g)	=	1000 milligrams (mg)
1 milligram (mg)	=	1000 micrograms (mcg)
1 Liter (L)	=	1000 milliliters (mL)
1 milliliter (mL)	=	1 cubic centimeter (cc)
30 mL	=	1 ounce (oz)
65 mg	=	1 grain (gr)
2.2 pounds (lb)	=	1 kilogram (kg)

Standardized Testing

Standardized testing may occur throughout the program. Bonus points may be applied to the final course grades in courses administering the mid-curricular and exit exams. There is a repeat version of the exit exam for students who are unsuccessful on their first attempt. Student Services (i.e. Academic Resource Center staff) will coordinate scheduling and proctoring of repeat exams. Students will contact Student Services for scheduling of repeat exams. Documentation of individualized remediation (see below for number of hours) is required prior to retesting.

Bonus Point Scale

- a. Bonus percentage points will be added based on bonus a point scale after the course grade of 75% is earned. If a student does not achieve a passing course grade, bonus points will not be added. For example, if a course has 400 total points, and a student achieves a score of 1015, the student will have 12 points added to their total score out of 400, as 12 points is 3% of 400 total course points.
- b. The bonus point scale applies to
 - Mid-Curricular Exam
 - Exit Exam

Exam Score	Bonus percentage points based on exam score to be added to course final grade
<900	0
901-950	1 %
951-1000	2 %
1001-1050	3 %
1051-1100	4 %
>1100	5 %

Testing Process for Mid-Curricular Exams:

- a. All students will be required to complete designated mid-curricular exams. Customized exams do not have a second version for retesting.
- b. Bonus point(s) will be added based on bonus point scale after the 75% course grade is earned. If a student does not achieve a passing course grade, bonus points will not be added.

Testing Process for Exit Exam:

- a. All students will be required to complete the exit exam in NURS 208 or NRSI/NRSA/NRSC 410.

Undergraduate Nursing Testing Policy

Purpose:

Provide guidelines for fair and consistent testing throughout the Undergraduate Nursing Programs.

Testing Environment:

- At the beginning of each exam, students will be asked to produce a photo ID for proof of identification.
- Students will be allowed 1.5 minutes per question. An additional 1.5 minutes will be added for each dosage calculation question. Time limits will be strictly observed. Students who enter the classroom after the start of the exam will not be granted extra time to complete their exam.
- Only approved, 4 function calculators may be utilized in taking the exams. Failure to bring an approved calculator forfeits the right to use a calculator. No sharing of calculators allowed.
- Students will be asked to place all belongings at the front of the classroom including cell phones which will be turned off prior to the exam.
- No hats, headbands, wristbands, scarves, or watches can be worn during testing.
- Students may have clear drinks in clear containers with no writing.
- Scratch paper will be provided for students.
- Students will be allowed time to review the exam with correct answers and rationales except for the final exam, which will not be reviewed. The time for reviewing exams will be decided by the course faculty.
- Any concerns regarding points awarded on a content exam must be resolved prior to the next scheduled exam and prior to the end of the semester for the final exam.
- All of the above rules apply to test review.

Missed Exams:

All exams must be made up within 24 hours of the scheduled exam time. Students will be responsible for making arrangements with Testing Services to take missed exams. If an exam is missed, students will have 10% of their grade deducted unless the UND Department Chair approves appropriate documentation. This could include physician excuses for extreme illness, sick children, etc. If approved by the Chair, the 10% will not be deducted. If exam is not taken within 24 hours, the student will receive a zero grade on the exam. If a student is scheduled to be in clinical the day after their scheduled exam, they will have to miss clinical time, which must be made up.

Test Writing Guidelines:

- The testing schedule will be published at the beginning of the semester in the syllabus.
- Instructors will publish an exam blueprint at least 3 days prior to the exam. Study guides may be provided for the final exam only at the discretion of the course faculty.

- The majority of exam questions for core nursing courses should be at the level of application or higher according to Bloom's taxonomy and include 10% dosage calculation and 10%-20% alternative questions such as select all that apply, ranking, etc.

Item Analysis:

The following guidelines apply to nursing core content exams with 30 or more students.

- An item analysis will be completed after each exam.
- A KR20 of 0.50 or higher is the recommended benchmark. (A KR20 less than 0.30 is considered poor regardless of sample size).
- If less than 30% of students answered correctly some adjustment should be considered such as accepting more than one correct answer or nullifying the question. Alternative questions are an exception.
- The recommended point biserial is 0.3 - 0.7.

Exam Bonus Points

- Students may be given the opportunity to improve their score by answering additional questions correctly. Up to 3%-6% of total exam points may be available as bonus (i.e. 400 total exam points for course x .03=12). In the example, 12 bonus points are available to be divided among all individual tests as deemed appropriate by faculty.

Test Grade Notification

Test grades will be available by the next class period. Grades will be obtained by the student in person or via online platform in the Gradebook. There will be NO grades given per phone or e-mail.

Degree Requirements

Application for Graduation

An *Application for Degree/Certificate* form is to be completed the semester before the student plans to graduate. The applicant should be sure to write his/her complete, formal name on the form, exactly how he/she wants it to be written on the diploma. At the time of registering for final semester classes, students complete this form with the advisor and obtain the advisor's signature. The completed form is to be returned to the Registration office when registering for the last semester. Refer to the academic calendar.

If students do not complete the final course requirements, a new *Application for Degree/Certificate* form will need to be submitted.

Graduation Requirements

Every candidate for a degree is responsible for meeting all of the requirements for graduation. The responsibility for understanding and meeting graduation requirements rests entirely with the student.

The *Associate of Science in Nursing* degree requires:

1. Satisfactory completion (75% or better) of all specified courses in the curriculum plan
2. Completion of second year nursing courses with a minimum of 20 credit hours granted by Cox College
3. Minimum cumulative GPA of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale on completion of required courses for ASN program
4. Completion of all nursing courses within five years of enrollment in the ASN program

The *Bachelor of Science in Nursing* degree requires:

1. Satisfactory completion (75% or better) of all specified courses in the curriculum plan
2. Completion of the last two semesters of clinical nursing courses as outlined on the proposed plan of study with a minimum of 30 hours of credit granted by Cox College (pre-licensure students).
3. Minimum cumulative GPA 2.0 on a 4.0 scale on completion of required courses for the BSN program
4. Completion of all nursing courses within five years of enrollment in the BSN program

Letter of Reference

A student will grant their written permission to allow faculty and administrators of Cox College to write letters of reference for them by completing the *Request for a Letter of Reference* form. The form and a copy of the reference letter will be placed in the student's permanent education record.

Licensure Examination For Registered Nurses

The *National Council Licensure Examination for Registered Nurses* (NCLEX RN®) is the licensing examination for graduates of all nursing schools that provide educational programs preparing registered professional nurses. Applications to take the licensing examination are distributed and verified by the undergraduate nursing program chairs or designee. The application process consists of two parts; the Missouri State Board of Nursing Licensure by Examination application and the NCLEX Candidate Bulletin. Part of the application process consists of being fingerprinted. Information regarding approved locations and necessary completions dates will be sent/given to each student prior to the beginning of their last semester of course work. Students may obtain information about licensure in states other than Missouri by contacting boards of nursing in the individual state. Fees are charged by Pearson Vue (exam administrator) and the board of nursing in the state where the individual wishes to be licensed.

Licensure Requirements

The Missouri State Board of Nursing requires an applicant for a license to practice as a registered nurse to be of good moral character. The licensure application, which is completed

prior to graduation, contains the statement “A person who has ever been convicted of any crime other than a minor traffic violation should report this.” During new nursing student orientation, students will be given a form titled “Knowledge of State Statutes” to complete. If the student marks yes on any of the statements, he/she will need to schedule an appointment with the appropriate undergraduate nursing program chair for a confidential discussion of the situation. **Completion of a nursing program does not guarantee eligibility to sit for the licensure examination.**

State of Missouri, Nursing Practice Act

The State of Missouri Nursing Practice Act (2012) governs licensure and the practice of professional nursing in Missouri. The Act, Missouri Statutes Chapter 335, is enforced by the Missouri State Board of Nursing. Section 335.066 describes grounds for denial, revocation or suspension of a license, and states:

1. The board may refuse to issue or reinstate any certificate of registration or authority, permit or license required pursuant to chapter 335 for one or any combination of causes stated in subsection 2 of this section or the board may, as a condition to issuing or reinstating any such permit or license, require a person to submit himself or herself for identification, intervention, treatment, or rehabilitation by the impaired nurse program as provided in section 335.067. The board shall notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the refusal and shall advise the applicant of his or her right to file a complaint with the administrative hearing commission as provided by chapter 621.
2. The board may cause a complaint to be filed with the administrative hearing commission as provided by chapter 621 against any holder of any certificate of registration or authority, permit or license required by sections 335.011 to 335.096 or any person who has failed to renew or has surrendered his or her certificate of registration or authority, permit or license for any one or any combination of the following causes:
 - (1) Use or unlawful possession of any controlled substance, as defined in chapter 195, or alcoholic beverage to an extent that such use impairs a person's ability to perform the work of any profession licensed or regulated by sections 335.011 to 335.096;
 - (2) The person has been finally adjudicated and found guilty, or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, in a criminal prosecution pursuant to the laws of any state or of the United States, for any offense reasonably related to the qualifications, functions or duties of any profession licensed or regulated pursuant to sections 335.011 to 335.096, for any offense an essential element of which is fraud, dishonesty or an act of violence, or for any offense involving moral turpitude, whether or not sentence is imposed;
 - (3) Use of fraud, deception, misrepresentation or bribery in securing any certificate of registration or authority, permit or license issued pursuant to sections 335.011 to 335.096 or in obtaining permission to take any examination given or required pursuant to sections 335.011 to 335.096;

- (4) Obtaining or attempting to obtain any fee, charge, tuition or other compensation by fraud, deception or misrepresentation;
- (5) Incompetency, misconduct, gross negligence, fraud, misrepresentation or dishonesty in the performance of the functions or duties of any profession licensed or regulated by sections 335.011 to 335.096;
- (6) Violation of, or assisting or enabling any person to violate, any provision of sections 335.011 to 335.096, or of any lawful rule or regulation adopted pursuant to sections 335.011 to 335.096;
- (7) Impersonation of any person holding a certificate of registration or authority, permit or license or allowing any person to use his or her certificate of registration or authority, permit, license or diploma from any school;
- (8) Disciplinary action against the holder of a license or other right to practice any profession regulated by sections 335.011 to 335.096 granted by another state, territory, federal agency or country upon grounds for which revocation or suspension is authorized in this state;
- (9) A person is finally adjudged insane or incompetent by a court of competent jurisdiction;
- (10) Assisting or enabling any person to practice or offer to practice any profession licensed or regulated by sections 335.011 to 335.096 who is not registered and currently eligible to practice pursuant to sections 335.011 to 335.096;
- (11) Issuance of a certificate of registration or authority, permit or license based upon a material mistake of fact;
- (12) Violation of any professional trust or confidence;
- (13) Use of any advertisement or solicitation which is false, misleading or deceptive to the general public or persons to whom the advertisement or solicitation is primarily directed;
- (14) Violation of the drug laws or rules and regulations of this state, any other state or the federal government;
- (15) Placement on an employee disqualification list or other related restriction or finding pertaining to employment within a health-related profession issued by any state or federal government or agency following final disposition by such state or federal government or agency;
- (16) Failure to successfully complete the impaired nurse program.

3. After the filing of such complaint, the proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of chapter 621. Upon a finding by the administrative hearing commission that the grounds, provided in subsection 2 of this section, for disciplinary action are met, the board may, singly or in combination, censure or place the person named in the complaint on probation on such terms and conditions as the board deems appropriate for a period not to exceed five years, or may suspend, for a period not to exceed three years, or revoke the license, certificate, or permit.

4. For any hearing before the full board, the board shall cause the notice of the hearing to be served upon such licensee in person or by certified mail to the licensee at the licensee's last known address. If service cannot be accomplished in person or by certified mail, notice by publication as described in subsection 3 of section 506.160 shall be allowed; any representative of the board is authorized to act as a court or judge would in that section; any employee of the board is authorized to act as a clerk would in that section.

5. An individual whose license has been revoked shall wait one year from the date of revocation to apply for relicensure. Relicensure shall be at the discretion of the board after compliance with all the requirements of sections 335.011 to 335.096 relative to the licensing of an applicant for the first time.

6. The board may notify the proper licensing authority of any other state concerning the final disciplinary action determined by the board on a license in which the person whose license was suspended or revoked was also licensed of the suspension or revocation.

7. Any person, organization, association or corporation who reports or provides information to the board of nursing pursuant to the provisions of sections 335.011 to 335.259* and who does so in good faith shall not be subject to an action for civil damages as a result thereof.

8. If the board concludes that a nurse has committed an act or is engaging in a course of conduct which would be grounds for disciplinary action which constitutes a clear and present danger to the public health and safety, the board may file a complaint before the administrative hearing commission requesting an expedited hearing and specifying the activities which give rise to the danger and the nature of the proposed restriction or suspension of the nurse's license. Within fifteen days after service of the complaint on the nurse, the administrative hearing commission shall conduct a preliminary hearing to determine whether the alleged activities of the nurse appear to constitute a clear and present danger to the public health and safety which justify that the nurse's license be immediately restricted or suspended. The burden of proving that a nurse is a clear and present danger to the public health and safety shall be upon the state board of nursing. The administrative hearing commission shall issue its decision immediately after the hearing and shall either grant to the board the authority to suspend or restrict the license or dismiss the action.

9. If the administrative hearing commission grants temporary authority to the board to restrict or suspend the nurse's license, such temporary authority of the board shall become final authority if there is no request by the nurse for a full hearing within thirty days of the preliminary hearing. The administrative hearing commission shall, if requested by the nurse named in the complaint, set a date to hold a full hearing under the provisions of chapter 621 regarding the activities alleged in the initial complaint filed by the board.

10. If the administrative hearing commission refuses to grant temporary authority to the board or restrict or suspend the nurse's license under subsection 8 of this section, such dismissal shall not bar the board from initiating a subsequent disciplinary action on the same grounds.

*(L. 1975 S.B. 108 § 12, A.L. 1981 S.B. 16, A.L. 1995 S.B. 452, A.L. 1999 H.B. 343, A.L. 2007 H.B. 780 merged with S.B. 308) *Section 335.259 was repealed by S.B. 52 § A, 1993.(2000) Allegation of violation of drug laws requires State Board of Nursing to prove by a preponderance of the evidence that a nurse knowingly and intentionally possessed controlled substances. State Board of Nursing v. Berry, 32 S.W.3d 638 (Mo.App.W.D.). (2001) Statements made in incident report by hospital to State Board of Nursing about nurse were not, in absence of actual proceedings pending against that nurse, entitled to absolute*